

WIDOW MAKES IT DARK FOR HAINS

Beckoned Brother to Come
When Annis's Boat Was
Approaching.

DEFENDANT HAS LOST HIS DEBONAIR AIR

Attorneys for the Defense Ex-
haust Themselves in Efforts to
Shake the Woman's Testi-
mony on Points of Vital
Moment, but to
No Avail.

FLUSHING, N. Y., December 21.—The trial of Thornton Jenkins Hains reached a climax of intense interest to-day, when Mrs. Helen Annis, widow of William E. Annis, in a deliberate recital lasting for nearly three hours, pictured the killing of her husband as he sat at the tiller of his boat by Captain Peter C. Hains, Jr.

Mrs. Annis nearly fainted a few minutes before her examination was concluded. She lay in her chair, but quickly recovered after drinking a glass of water and smelling a vial of salts. It was a hard day for the defense, and counsel for Hains was exhausted from the arduous cross-examination which was directed toward the State's witness in an effort to shake her testimony. Thornton Hains lost much of the easy nonchalance that has characterized his manner in previous seasons. When led from the court by two deputy sheriffs the prisoner appeared dejected and careworn.

Garbed in a black cloth suit and wearing a wide flaring hat that cast a shadow over the upper part of her face, Mrs. Annis made an impressive figure on the witness stand as she told in quiet tones her story of August 15th at the Bayside Yacht Club. Several new points of evidence added dramatic interest to the trial.

Beckoned to His Brother.

When Annis's boat came alongside the float, the widow testified, Thornton Hains beckoned to his brother and led the way down the runway. The shooting followed within a few moments.

Lawyer McIntyre sought to discredit the "beckoning episode," which the State asserts proves that the author induced the crime, and kept Mrs. Annis on this point under cross-examination for nearly half an hour. Hains's counsel developed that Mrs. Annis had not told District Attorney Darrin that the defendant had beckoned to his brother until last week. "I ran down the runway and Thornton Hains pointed his revolver at me. I turned to go back, and he pressed the weapon against my back, saying, 'You get out of here or you will get into the water.' I ran down the runway and, looking back, saw my husband fall into the water."

So said Mrs. Annis in relating her story, and this new evidence the lawyers for Hains struggled vainly to discredit.

Held Back Another Witness.

Another important witness to-day was Charles W. Roberts, a Bayside Yacht Club member.

When the trial opened Roberts took the stand. He said he went to the club with Mrs. Annis in the stage on the afternoon of August 15th. Mr. Roberts said that he was standing near the gangway when he observed Annis and Hains's boat coming toward the dock. The boats were coming alongside the dock, when I heard a shot and Mrs. Annis scream, "Look out, Willie!" I started across the float toward Captain Hains, who was in a crouching position. It was then that Thornton Hains stepped in between us and, pointing a revolver in my face, said: "Keep off, keep off, or I will kill you!"

Mr. Roberts said that Captain Hains was about three feet from Annis.

"I stopped when Thornton Hains pointed the gun in my face, and saw Annis stagger and fall into the water. I pulled him out of the water, and he was placed on the float. The defendant was about six or seven feet away. After the first shot I started across the dock, and the pistol was then pointed in my face, and it was held there until the float was away."

Lighted Pipe and Cigarette.

After the shooting the Hains brothers moved over to the other side of the float, said Roberts, and defendant lighted a cigarette and the captain a pipe. Captain Hains opened a card case and handed out a card, Roberts said.

"I said to Captain Hains: 'The army must be proud of officers like you.' The defendant said he wanted to explain, and I told him I did not want any explanations. I told Thornton Hains: 'You are as guilty as your brother.' He consented to my comparing the shooting, and the defendant replied: 'What could I do? He is my brother.'"

The witness said that Thornton Hains took his brother's wrist as if feeling his pulse.

Mr. Roberts said: "I asked the Hains brothers if they wanted to commit such crimes, why they did not select some place where women and children would not see it, and the defendant replied: 'I am as sorry as you are. I have been trying to keep from doing it for some time.'"

Thornton Hains said to me that he had saved my life; that if I had gone near his brother I would have been killed. I said: 'That's a nice way to save a man's life, to point a gun in his face and prevent him from saving a man's life.'"

The Widow's Story.

Mrs. Annis related her story of the events immediately preceding the fatal scene at the dock. She then described the arrival of her husband's boat at the dock, saying:

Mr. Birchfield, who was talking to Thornton J. Hains on the dock, ran down to the boat and went to the bow, so it would not hit against the float. As Birchfield ran down, Thornton Hains beckoned to his brother and made some explanation. They followed Mr. Birchfield on the gang-

NEEDS OF FARMERS

Problems of Serious Character Affecting Them, Says Commission.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 21.—That there are problems and difficulties of a serious character affecting the farmers from one end of the country to the other, the solution of which they are going to demand, was the life of Judge James Hargis, chief of the Country Life Commission, who, with four other members of that body, arrived here to-day to prepare their report on the presentation to President Roosevelt.

The commission expects to have the report in the hands of the President in a few days.

Professor Bailey stated the commission felt there were many very important questions of concern to the farmer which the President and Congress ought to understand.

"Everywhere there are serious economic questions along the lines of the life of the farmer, and the need of effective co-operation among the farmers," said Professor Bailey.

"Farmers are in need of organization and more particularly of social organization. We find, for example, where farming is very prosperous the social conditions may not be very good. Great emphasis has been placed on the deficiencies in schools and of better highways."

TO LAY LIFE BARE

Witnesses Will Disclose Connection of Judge Hargis With Feuds.

LEXINGTON, KY., December 21.—The trial of Judge James Hargis at Irvine, on the charge of murdering his father, Judge James Hargis, was completed to-day after court convened to-day. All the jurors are farmers.

It is stated that the defense will introduce witness to lay bare the whole life of the deceased judge, including his connection with feuds and assassinations. The defense hopes it can prove by these witnesses that Judge Hargis was responsible for his own death.

Hearing of testimony began in the afternoon. James P. Brophy, clerk in the State's witness stand, testified that Hargis shot his father five times; that young Hargis shot his father before the judge grappled with him, and that two shots were fired while father and son lay on the floor.

Former State Senator Alexander Hargis arrived at Irvine to-day, and is sitting at the prosecution table, with a view of asking for certain information during the trial.

AMERICAN POMPEII

Prehistoric City at Casa Grande, Ariz., Is Practically Uncovered.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 21.—An American Pompeii is gradually being brought to light, according to the annual report of Charles B. Walcott, secretary of the Smithsonian Institution.

Under a special congressional appropriation, the work of excavating a prehistoric buried city at Casa Grande, near Florence, Ariz., has been conducted by Dr. L. Walter Fawcett. Already a number of structures have been uncovered. The largest one excavated during the year has been a 200 foot long, with eleven rooms, the massive walls inclosing a plaza.

In the central room there is a seat called by the Pima Indians "The Seat of Montezuma." The ruins at Casa Grande were found to be very much more extensive than was anticipated, and it is stated that their permanent preservation is of great archaeological importance.

GERMAN AMBASSADOR

Arrive and Waives Only to Cement Present Friendly Relations.

NEW YORK, December 21.—Count Joseph von Helldorf, German ambassador to the United States, with the countess and their daughter, arrived to-day by the liner "Seydlitz."

This is the ambassador's first visit to America, while Countess von Bernstorff, although born in New York, had been here for twenty-five years.

"Thanks to the confidence of the Emperor and the Imperial government," said Count Bernstorff, "I am intrusted with the honor of representing Germany in this country."

"My deep desire is to promote the mutual good will of the two countries, and I know no other way of doing so except by openness and complete good faith. While I am in Washington there will be no mystery about German aims in all that relates to the United States."

WORSE THAN DEFENDANT

Judge Scores Georgia Jury for Acquitting Two Night Riders.

ALBANY, GA., December 21.—Because a jury acquitted Deputy Sheriff A. E. Radnor and E. E. Adams, Miller, at Newton, Baker county, on the charge of attempting to lynch an alleged night-riding "expedition," Judge W. N. Spence, before whom the case was tried, expressed the opinion from the bench of the twelve men as follows:

"Most of the jurors are well-to-do farmers, and among the best known in Baker county. The case to which I judge men referred was that in which E. E. Taylor was punished for shooting at Rev. E. Morris, of Milton, after charging the minister with an attempted assault upon Mrs. Taylor."

INQUIRE INTO ACCIDENT

Sinking of the Cruiser Yankee Is Being Investigated Thoroughly.

BOSTON, December 21.—Strict naval procedures marked the opening at the Charlestown navy yard to-day of the government investigation into the grounding of the cruiser Yankee on a pile of rocks at the entrance of Buzzards Bay, September 23d last. Within a few minutes after the court of inquiry convened with Captain Winslow as president, the officers and crew of the Yankee were lined up outside the building. There the orders and the representations of Commander Macaskill were read to the officers and men, and any one who had a complaint was asked to step forward and make it. Not a man stirred.

The court then went into session and heard the testimony of Commander Marsh and several officers. The commander told the incident leading up to the accident, which he attributed to an effort to avoid collision with the passenger steamer New Hampshire, and other officers corroborated the testimony of Commander Marsh.

Inquiry, it is expected, will be continued to-morrow.

IS ALMOST EQUAL TO SAN FRANCISCO

Seven Members of Pittsburgh's
Councils Are Arrested
for Grafting.

OTHER ARRESTS ARE TO BE SENSATIONAL

Attorney for the Voters' League, a Civic Organization, Says Arrests to Come Will Not Be Officials—Bankers Are Thought to Be Implicated.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., December 21.—Seven members of Councils were arrested to-night at the instance of the Voters' League, a civic reform organization, charged with conspiracy, corrupt practices and bribery in connection with municipal legislation during the past two years.

Alleged acts in connection with the bank of deposits for the funds of the city are enumerated in the complaints against the Councilmen, and it is said a number of persons occupying official positions in local banks will shortly be arrested.

Following a series of veiled charges and innuendoes, reference to councilmanic acts, the Voters' League several months ago employed detectives, and the arrests are based upon reports made by the detectives.

The complaints, signed by Leonard De Wolf, secretary of the league. Three of them, against J. C. Wasson, chairman of the Finance Committee and William Brand, president of Common Council, charged each of these men with grafting and offering to give money and other rewards and bribes to influence the votes of other members of Councils in favor of ordinances and resolutions designating depositories for the funds of the city, with wood blocks and other ordinances and resolutions not specifically named.

Another complaint names the three above mentioned, together with T. O. Atkinson, of Select Council; Jacob Sorf, of Common Council; and Hugh Ferguson, of Common Council, and charges them with conspiracy to secure by corrupt and unlawful means and bribe the measures enumerated in the first charge, and also to control and dominate the committee and chairman of committees in charge of the measures. It is also charged that they did control the vote and support of other members through bribery and other corrupt practices.

"Almost Equals San Francisco." "With the exception of the San Francisco graft cases," said a member of the league to-night, "there has never been in this country such a sweeping and such an important proceeding against municipal officers as is involved in this case."

Attorney A. Leo Wolf, president of the Voters' League, to-night said: "Information has also been made against other parties, whose names at this time I do not feel at liberty to give. They were not members of councils, but are charged with giving bribes, and warrants have been issued for their arrest."

There is no doubt that he referred to bank officials who were interested in the establishment of city depositories.

The Councilmen involved were arrested to-night and gave bond for preliminary hearings Wednesday morning, when Voters' League officials promise to present sensational evidence.

CONDITIONS APPALLING

Tuberculosis in Northern New York Is Prevalent and Spreads.

NEW YORK, December 21.—That tuberculosis is alarmingly prevalent in many of up-State cities, and immediate and drastic measures must be adopted if its spread is to be checked, was the conclusion of the Tuberculosis Exhibition. The results of tuberculosis in Buffalo were described as appalling by Dr. John H. Florio, of the city.

Dr. Florio said that in the city alone had 2,000 cases of the disease at the present time. Organized preventive work, with State and government aid, was declared by speakers to be the only means by which the disease could be properly combated.

A resolution was introduced by Dr. H. H. Rogers that the State Department of Education shall include in its curriculum a course in education on the subject in the more advanced grades of the public schools throughout the State.

THREATS OF LYNCHING

Sheriff Evades Crowd and Takes to the Woods With Prisoner.

ATHENS, GA., December 21.—Suing around the jail at Comer, Madison county, where Jake Moody, who during the afternoon, it is charged, attempted to escape, a mob of about 100 men, armed with shotguns and revolvers, gathered to-day at 10 o'clock, five miles away, a mob to-night made open threats of lynching.

Sheriff Davis wired Governor Smith for help, and the Athens Guards, under command of Major Sanford, were sent to the jail.

Without waiting for troops, however, Sheriff Davis slipped Moody out of the jail and took to the woods with him. It is believed that he will try to reach Athens with his prisoner unless intercepted by those who are said to be searching for the fugitive.

LYNCHING FAILED

Shot Man Three Times, Struck Him on Head With Revolver.

BLUEFIELD, W. Va., December 21.—Pretending to have a warrant for his arrest, a party went on Sunday night to the home of George Orger, who on the previous night had crushed the skull of Edward Ball with a gun barrel, and, after taking him about two miles from his home in the direction of the county seat, shot him three times and struck him over the head with a Winchester rifle.

Orger was then left for dead. He revived, however, and succeeded in crawling to a house nearby. He may recover.

WHIPPED A WOMAN ON HER BARE BACK

Witnesses Tell of Inhuman
Treatment of Victims of
Night Riders.

WOULD NOT WITHDRAW HER DIVORCE SUIT

Judge Orders the Eight Defendants Handcuffed, Because of Information Received—Frank Fehrlinger Turns State's Evidence and Identifies All Prisoners.

UNION CITY, TENN., December 21.—The State completed its case to-day against the eight alleged night riders, on trial for the murder of Captain Rankin, when it drew from Frank Fehrlinger, a member of the band, who turned State's evidence, a detailed statement of the Rankin case, fair and a score or more of other outrages. It also called to the stand Mrs. Emma Thurman Johnson, one of the two women said to have been whipped by the band, and had her tell her story.

The startling testimony of Frank Fehrlinger, who confessed to being a participant in the murder of Captain Rankin, given with an exactness of detail, amazed the people who thronged the courtroom. Then, as Mrs. Johnson's name was called, a murmur of satisfaction arose. She walked rapidly to the stand and removed her veil reluctantly, on the judge's instructions, that she might be heard by the jury.

Mrs. Johnson had married Joe Johnson, a man thirty years older than she, and lived with him four years, when a child was born to him by her. She sued him for divorce, charging cruelty and asking maintenance. Early in September the riders visited her father's home and left word that she should withdraw the suit. She failed to do so, and on a second visit her father was whipped.

On both occasions she was at her sister's home. The riders seem to have realized this, for on September 20th about 11 o'clock at night they went to the sister's house. Mrs. Johnson awoke beside her child to find her bedroom filled with masked and armed men. A man whom she said she recognized as Fred Plinio, one of the defendants, was standing so close that she could touch him. "We have come to see you, and we want to know if you must dismiss that divorce suit," Plinio was charged with saying.

"I will not withdraw it," she replied. "You will before we get through with you," was the reply. "If you dismiss it now we will see that he supports the child, but you must not touch his property."

Mrs. Johnson insisted that she would press the case. Then the men withdrew into the yard to consult. In a few moments they returned, and Plinio stepped over to the young woman's bed and said: "Come with us."

Lashed on Bare Back.

Two others of the band seized her and dragged her from the bed in her nightgown. They carried her about ten yards away, and one of them beat her across the shoulders with a strap.

After the first beating they asked her if she would dismiss the suit. She said no. Then she was again whipped. This time the blows were much more broken, and she sobbingly said she would give in to their demands.

"Let's give her another," said one of the band. "No," she said Plinio replied. "She has said enough."

They then told her to get up under strong objections from the defense. Judge Jones sent out the jury before court adjourned, and said:

Ordered Handcuffed.

"There are eight defendants here charged with the murder of a man, who has not been handcuffed and are under guard of only two deputies. I do not think this is sufficient. Therefore I order the sheriff to handcuff these men and ask the military to detail ten armed men to watch them."

The defense strongly objected, but the court refused to withdraw the order.

Later Attorney-General Caldwell said: The order was made adversely upon the officers of the court, which information was serious enough to justify us in taking every possible and legal precaution."

Fehrlinger Brought In.

Surrounded by a band of six fully armed soldiers, Fehrlinger was brought into court. At the court room door two of the soldiers, armed with rifles, halted. Four other soldiers, armed only with revolvers, took Fehrlinger in charge. "Four armed deputy sheriffs followed him, and a way through the crowd in the aisles, and Fehrlinger was led to the stand."

The soldiers sat down inside the railing, facing the throng. Deputies, armed heavily, took positions in various parts of the courtroom. It was a tense moment. The witness, a diminutive man, seemed to be composed, but pale. He crossed his legs and tossed his broad-brimmed hat on the toe of his boot. Blinked in the crowd surged up closer.

"Four armed deputy sheriffs followed him, and a way through the crowd in the aisles, and Fehrlinger was led to the stand."

Fehrlinger said he was one of the first members of the band. He knew all the defendants, and had accompanied them on many rides prior to the killing of Captain Rankin. The night riders' garb consisted of long black coats, black masks trimmed in white, and some had false beards attached to the bottom.

On one occasion a deputy Sheriff Mays, since resigned, and who was one of the riders, came to a meeting unmasked. At this meeting Garrett Johnson was chosen chief, and other captains were named for different localities, and the riders of a certain locality thought something needed regulating. Some-

(Continued on Ninth Page.)

WEATHER.

Rain.

NO FOUNDATION FOR THE RUMORS

Next Cabinet Is Not to Be
Built Merely by Sug-
gestions.

SENATOR KNOX COMING TO HAVE CONFERENCE

President-Elect Is Taking His
Time in Making His Selections.
Just at Present He Is Greatly
Occupied, Trying to Im-
prove His Golf
Score.

AGUSTA, GA., December 21.—President-Elect Taft was visited by Mr. John Hays Hammond, president of the National League of Republican Clubs, and received suggestions which will be given serious consideration respecting new fields of future usefulness for that organization.

Mr. Taft says Mr. Hammond, who arrived here to-day with Mrs. Hammond and two of the girls, for an extended stay, was invited by him to come. He added there were many things he wanted to talk over with the eminent mining engineer, including political conditions and appointments. The two have been friends since their college days, when they were classmates. Mr. Hammond was emphatic in saying he was not a candidate for either the Cabinet or the diplomatic corps, or any other position under the suggestion of that name to him by any ambition whatever, he said, it would be to head a department of public works. In the event such a department should be established, his engineering experience would be valuable to the government in organizing a branch of service having for its purpose the conservation of the natural resources and their administration.

Senator Knox Coming.

Mr. Taft said he had written Senator Knox inviting him to come to Augusta within the next two or three weeks if he could, at which time a Cabinet conference would be held. In this connection Mr. Taft said he believed he was beginning to see where so many Cabinet rumors came from.

The publishing of a name, with the information that its possessor was being seriously considered for the Cabinet, he found has followed the suggestion of that name to him by some one interested in the person. He added that he still believed that it would take more than the suggestion of a name and its publication to build the Cabinet. National developments have been rapid, and he said he was sure there was nothing to be added to the public information on the situation at this time.

No Foundation for Rumors.

Mr. Taft has stated specifically that there is no foundation for any of the recent Cabinet rumors.

State Chairman Walter S. Dickey, of Missouri, is to be a visitor to Judge Taft in the near future. That Mr. Dickey will have something to say to the qualifications of Judge Charles Nagle, of St. Louis, for a Cabinet position, is predicted.

Judge Taft spoke to-night in the highest terms of the legal ability of Mr. Nagle, who was in charge of the national committee in the absence of Chairman Hitchcock.

The Tafts to-day moved into the Terrace cottage, which is to be their home during the remainder of their stay here. They lunched at the Hotel, where they are to take their meals. At dinner to-night they were the guests of the Country Club.

Vexed at Golf Score.

Judge Taft is not a little vexed at his golf score. He laughingly refused to tell his score, but lays the blame to the sand greens, on which he has never before played. He has promised himself that he will devote a little extra time in the afternoon to "putting" until he has mastered the art.

Many invitations are coming to Mr. Taft to visit points in Georgia and the South. He said to-day that he would be unable to accept them, and should probably thereby be compelled to refuse to go anywhere except to keep his Atlanta engagement.

HAD BEEN NO TRIAL

Supreme Court of United States So Decides Alabama Peonage Case.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 21.—On the technicality that the case had not been brought to court in time, the Supreme Court of the United States to-day decided the so-called peonage case of Alonzo Bailey, of Alabama, against the charge of having been unlawfully held out of his habeas corpus. The Alabama Supreme Court sustained the verdict.

The Supreme Court opinion in the case was handed down by Justice Holmes, and was based on the ground that the case had not been tried on its merits. Justice Harlan delivered a dissenting opinion, in which he maintained that Bailey was entitled, on the record, to bring his case to the Supreme Court as a matter of right. He declared the decision of the court to be without precedent. Justice Day concurred in the dissenting opinion.

Bailey was arrested on the order of a justice of the peace in Montgomery county, Ala., on the charge of having obtained \$15 under a contract in writing, and under the law in question, the City Court of Montgomery refused to issue him a writ of habeas corpus. The Alabama Supreme Court sustained the verdict.

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INSURANCE SURPRISE

Provident Savings Company Changes Ownership and Gets New President.

NEW YORK, December 21.—Something of a surprise was sprung in life insurance circles to-day when an unexpected change in control of the Provident Savings Life Assurance Society was announced, together with the issuance of a statement of a special meeting of the directors. E. E. Rittenhouse, Commissioner of Insurance of Colorado, had been elected president of the society to succeed George C. Lang, who had resigned.

The control of the organization, it was announced, had passed from Mr. Lang's hands to those of Judge Nash Rockwood, Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

Judge Rockwood, in his notice to the policyholders, said:

"My investment in the stock of the Provident Savings Life Assurance Society is a permanent one. The control is not for sale at any price. The society will not be removed from New York. It is my intention, as early as possible, to put into effect a plan that will give the policyholders representation upon the board of directors."

SUYDAM IS DEAD

North Carolina Inventor Is Remanded to Jail Without Bail.

NEW YORK, December 21.—Harry B. Suydam, the curb breaker, who was shot in the Bronx Saturday night and died in the Hudson Street Hospital, was remanded to jail without bail to await the inquest on December 29th.

Mrs. Suydam, who was shot in the chest, is under arrest. The shooting is said to have been an outgrowth of a dispute over payment for stock in a company, which was organized to handle one of Suydam's inventions.

Mrs. Suydam was arrested by Coroner Harburger to-day without bail to await the inquest on December 29th.

Mrs. Suydam Didn't Say It.

SPARTANBURG, S. C., December 21.—Mrs. J. C. Suydam, wife of the man who shot H. B. Suydam, a New York City inventor, was arrested by the Press correspondent to-day of the death of Suydam. She denied the statement accredited to her that Suydam deserved to be shot.

TEMPORARILY INSANE

Cultured, Beautiful and Wealthy Woman, Formerly of Virginia, Kills Herself.

GRAND RAPIDS, MICH., December 21.—"Just a little more of the looks of this?" said Mrs. Myrtle Seales to her husband at 2 A. M. to-day, when she was found dead in her death bed. She was a cultured, talented, a horsewoman, an artist, only thirty-two, the mother of two beautiful children, with money in her own right, married to a wealthy man and with apparently everything to live for, the only conclusion is that she was temporarily insane.

Mrs. Seales was married when very young to a man who was a member of the wealthy Cleveland family of the name. He bought the old Randolph plantation just out of Richmond, Va., and they lived there until his death about eight or nine years ago. One child was born, a girl.

OFFICIALS EXCHANGED

President Issues Order Intended to Settle Controversy in Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 21.—By order of President Roosevelt, Major J. C. Morrow, the engineer commissioner of the Washington Aqueduct, to-day relieved of that office and transferred to succeed Major Cosby in charge of the Washington Aqueduct, who was immediately assigned to duty as engineer commissioner.

There have been controversies between the engineer commissioner's office and the city of Washington, in the construction of public school buildings and other matters and his defense of the inspector of buildings upon whom repeated criticism from some quarters. A letter, which Major Morrow is reported to have written, making what the authorities seemed indicated as a resignation, was an immediate reason for the action.

SCORES SUCCESS

Critical Boston Applauds Miss Marlowe and Miss Johnston, Author.

BOSTON, MASS., December 21.—The Boston Herald, in a long and dramatic presentation on any stage at the Marlowe Theatre to-night by Julia Marlowe, who also made her first appearance as actress-manager. Miss Marlowe, who is a native of New York, is staging of the piece. The play is in five acts, with six scenes, and has to do with a tragedy of the French Revolution.

Miss Marlowe was called before the curtain at the end of each act, and was warmly applauded. Miss Johnston thanked the audience for the appreciation of the play and its presentation.

GIFT FOR GOVERNOR

Condemned Murderer Is Embroidering Handkerchief in Her Cell.

READING, PA., December 21.—Mrs. Kate Edwards, a young woman in the Berks county jail for the murder of her husband, is spending the days before Christmas in embroidering